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- (ii) When an approved training program involves more than one course and involves breaks in training (within or between courses, or within or between terms, quarters, semesters and academic years), all such breaks in training are subject to the "14-day break in training" provision in §617.15(d), for purposes of receiving TRA payments. An individual's approved training program may be amended by the State agency to add a course designed to satisfy unforeseen needs of the individual, such as remedial education or specific occupational skills, as long as the length of the amended training program does not exceed the 104-week training limitation in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.
- (4) Full-time training. Individuals in TAA approved training shall attend training full time, and when other training is combined with OJT attendance at both shall be not less than full-time. The hours in a day and days in a week of attendance in training shall be full-time in accordance with established hours and days of training of the training provider.
- (g) Training of reemployed workers. Adversely affected workers who obtain new employment which is not suitable employment, as described in §617.22(a)(1), and have been approved for training may elect to:
 - (1) Terminate their jobs, or
- (2) Continue in full- or part-time employment, to undertake such training, and shall not be subject to ineligibility or disqualification for UI or TRA as a result of such termination or reduction in employment.
- (h) Fees prohibited. In no case shall an individual be approved for training under this subpart C for which the individual is required to pay a fee or tuition.
- (i) Training outside the United States. In no case shall an individual be approved for training under this subpart C which is conducted totally or partially at a location outside the United States.
- [51 FR 45848, Dec. 22, 1986, as amended at 53FR 32350, Aug. 24, 1988; 59 FR 935, Jan. 6, 1994;71 FR 35515, June 21, 2006]

§ 617.23 Selection of training methods and programs.

- (a) State agency responsibilities. If suitable employment as described in §617.22(a)(1), is not otherwise available to an individual or group of individuals, it is the responsibility of the State agency to explore, identify, develop and secure training opportunities and to establish linkages with other public and private agencies, Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs), employers, and Workforce Investment Act (WIA) service delivery area (SDA) grant recipients, as appropriate, which return adversely affected workers to employment as soon as possible.
- (b) Firm-specific retraining program. To the extent practicable before referring an adversely affected worker to approved training, the State agency shall consult with the individual's adversely affected firm and certified or recognized union, or other authorized representative, to develop a retraining program that meets the firm's staffing needs and preserves or restores the employment relationship between the individual and the firm. The fact that there is no need by other employers in the area for individuals in a specific occupation for which training is undertaken shall not preclude the development of an individual retraining program for such occupation with the adversely affected firm.
- (c) *Methods of training*. Adversely affected workers may be provided either one or a combination of the following methods of training:
- (1) Insofar as possible, priority will be given to on-the-job training, which includes related education necessary to acquire skills needed for a position within a particular occupation, in the firm or elsewhere pursuant to §§617.24, 617.25, and 617.26, including training for which the firm pays the costs. This ensures that on-the-job training provides the skills necessary for the individual to obtain employment in an occupation rather than a particular job at a specific site; and
- (2) Institutional training, with priority given to providing the training in public area vocational education schools if it is determined that such

schools are at least as effective and efficient as other institutional alternatives, pursuant to §§ 617.24, 617.25, and 617.26

- (d) Standards and procedures. The State agency shall document the standards and procedures used to select occupations and training institutions in which training is approved. Such occupations and training shall offer a reasonable expectation (not necessarily a prior guarantee) of employment following such training.
- (1) Standards. The State agency shall approve training in occupations for which an identifiable demand exists either in the local labor market or in other labor markets for which relocation planning has been implemented. If practicable, placement rates and employer reviews of curriculum shall be used as guides in the selection of training institutions.
- (2) Procedures. In determining the types of training to be provided, the State agency shall consult with local employers, appropriate labor organizations, WIBs and other WIA One-Stop partners, WIBs, local educational organizations, local apprenticeship programs, local advisory councils established under the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, and post-secondary institutions.
- (3) Exclusions. In determining suitable training the State agency shall exclude certain occupations, where:
- (i) Lack of employment opportunities exist as substantiated by job orders and other pertinent labor market data;
- (ii) The occupation provides no reasonable expectation of permanent employment.

[51 FR 45848, Dec. 22, 1986, as amended at 71 FR 35515, June 21, 2006]

§ 617.24 Preferred training.

Training programs that may be approved under §617.22(a) include, but are not limited to—

- (a) On-the-job training,
- (b) Any training program provided by a State pursuant to Title I, subchapter B of the Workforce Investment Act,
- (c) Any training program approved by a Workforce Investment Board established under the Workforce Investment Act,

- (d) Any program of remedial education.
- (e) Any training program (other than a training program described in paragraph (c) of §617.25) for which all, or any portion, of the costs of training the worker are paid—
- (1) Under any other Federal or State program other than this Subpart C, or
- (2) From any other source other than this section, but not including sources personal to the individual, such as self, relatives, or friends, and
- (f) Any other training program approved by the Department.

[59 FR 936, Jan. 6, 1994, as amended at 71 FR 35515. June 21, 2006]

§617.25 Limitations on training under Subpart C of this part.

The second sentence of amended section 236(a)(1) of the Act provides that an adversely affected worker shall be entitled to have payment of the costs of training approved under the Act paid on the worker's behalf, subject, however, "to the limitations imposed by" section 236. The limitations in section 236 which are implemented in this section concern the restrictions on approval of training which are related directly or indirectly to the conditions on training which are approvable or on the funding of training costs.

- (a) On-the-job training. The costs of on-the-job training approved Subpart C of this part for a worker, which are paid from TAA funds, shall be paid in equal monthly installments. Such costs may be paid from TAA funds, and such training may be approved under subpart C of this part, however, only if the State agency determines that:
- (1) No currently employed individual is displaced by such eligible worker, including partial displacement such as a reduction in the hours of non-overtime work, wages, or employment benefits;
- (2) Such training does not impair existing contracts for services or collective bargaining agreements;
- (3) In the case of training which would be inconsistent with the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, written concurrence has been obtained from the concerned labor organization;
- (4) No other individual is on layoff from the same or any substantially